

Asian Equity Fund

'A' shares, SGD Hedged (Reference) As at end February 2026



Risk profile

Lower risk

Potentially lower rewards

Higher risk

Potentially higher rewards



For information on the risk profile, refer to the 'KID SRI' explanation in the glossary on page 4.

This is a marketing communication. Investors must read the Key Information Document (or Key Investor Information Document where relevant) and Prospectus prior to investing.

The full list of Fund risks are contained in the appendices of the Ninety One GSF prospectus.

'A' Share class charges

Ongoing charge: 2.03%

The Fund may incur further expenses (not included in the above Ongoing charge) as permitted by the Prospectus.

Key facts

Portfolio managers: Charlie Linton, Wenchang Ma

Fund size: SGD 3.6bn

Fund launch date: 01.06.84

A SGD share class launch date: 21.11.25

Domicile: Luxembourg

Sector: Morningstar Asia ex-Japan Equity

Benchmark: MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Net Return (Far East ex Japan pre 01/03/2008)

'A' share class dealing currency: SGD

Ninety One ESG Classification⁹⁹: ESG Integration

See explanations for SFDR and Ninety One ESG

Classification on Page 2.

Other information

Pricing: 16:00 New York Time (forward pricing)

Minimum investment:

USD3,000 / equivalent approved currency lump sum

'A' Acc SGD hedged

ISIN: LU3222573092 **Bloomberg:** -

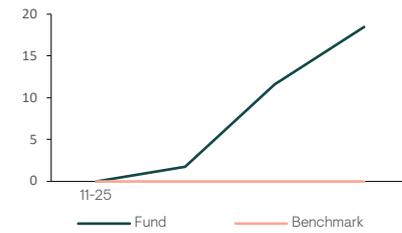
CUSIP: L6S44E515 **Sedol:** BMCFOZ1

Objectives and investment policy summary

The Fund aims to provide long-term capital growth primarily through investment in equities of companies established and listed on a recognised exchange in Asia, excluding Japan. The Fund will invest primarily in the markets of Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, Taiwan, South Korea, the Philippines, Indonesia, China and India, but may also invest in the region's other markets such as Australia and New Zealand.

Past performance should not be taken as a guide to the future and there is no guarantee that this investment will make profits; losses may be made. If the currency of this share class differs from your domestic currency, your returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations.

Performance (%)



Risk statistics

	Since Launch	3 years	5 years
	Launch	years	years
Annualised alpha (%)	33.2	n/a	n/a
Beta	0.7	n/a	n/a
Annualised information ratio	4.4	n/a	n/a
Annualised tracking error (%)	12.7	n/a	n/a
Annualised volatility (%)	16.0	n/a	n/a

See glossary for explanation.

Monthly and annual average performance (%)

	1 month	1 year	3 years annualised	5 years annualised	Since launch annualised
Fund - A SGD hedged	6.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	104.5
Benchmark	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Calendar year performance (%)

	YTD	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Fund - A SGD hedged	16.5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Benchmark	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Rolling 12 month performance (%)

	28.02.25	28.02.24	28.02.23	28.02.22	28.02.21
Fund - A SGD hedged	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Benchmark	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Performance data source: © Morningstar, dates to 28.02.2026, NAV based, (net of fees, excluding initial charges), total return with net income reinvested where applicable, in Singapore Dollar. The Fund is actively managed, any index shown is for illustrative purposes only. An initial charge of 5.00% is typically waived. Performance would be lower if this charge was applied.

Asian Equity Fund

Top holdings (%)

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	10.0
Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	10.0
SK Hynix Inc	5.7
Tencent Holdings Ltd	5.0
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	3.8
Samsung C&T Corp	2.0
MediaTek Inc	1.9
DBS Group Holdings Ltd	1.8
Rio Tinto Ltd	1.8
Accton Technology Corp	1.8
Total	43.8

Number of equity holdings: 68

Sector analysis (%)

Information Technology	33.8
Financials	14.5
Industrials	10.3
Communication Services	8.9
Consumer Discretionary	8.2
Materials	6.9
Health Care	3.1
Utilities	2.8
Consumer Staples	2.8
Energy	2.6
Other	1.3
Cash	4.8
Total	100.0

Geographic allocation (%)

China	25.8
South Korea	24.7
Taiwan	15.5
India	13.5
Hong Kong	4.6
Australia	3.6
Thailand	2.4
Singapore	1.8
United Kingdom	1.8
Malaysia	1.5
Cash	4.8
Total	100.0

Where relevant, China includes Offshore and/or Mainland

Top & bottom stock weightings vs benchmark (%)

Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	2.2
Rio Tinto Plc	1.8
HSBC Holdings Plc	1.8
Northern Star Resources Ltd	1.8
Samsung C&T Corp	1.8
PDD Holdings Inc	-0.7
Hyundai Motor Co	-0.7
Xiaomi Corp	-0.7
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co Ltd	-1.0
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co Ltd	-5.3

Top & bottom sector weightings vs benchmark (%)

Materials	2.9
Capital Goods	2.3
Utilities	0.8
Telecommunication Services	0.6
Media & Entertainment	0.6
Software & Services	-1.4
Financial Services	-1.5
Consumer Services	-1.7
Insurance	-2.0
Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	-2.2

Top & bottom country weightings vs benchmark (%)

South Korea	4.1
Australia	3.6
United Kingdom	1.8
Thailand	1.1
Malaysia	0.2
China	-0.9
Indonesia	-1.1
India	-1.1
Singapore	-1.7
Taiwan	-10.2

Intended retail investor

This Fund has been designed to form part of a broader portfolio of investments and should be purchased with advice or on an execution only basis by a basic investor. Investors must be able to bear loss of capital in order to seek to generate higher potential returns and should be prepared to remain invested for at least 5 years.

§§Funds that practice active stewardship whilst considering ESG risks and opportunities. For further information, please see www.ninetyone.com/ESG-explained. The MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Net Return Index is used for performance comparison and risk management. The Fund does not seek to replicate the index. It will generally hold assets that are components of the index, but not in the same proportions, and it is allowed to hold assets which are not components of the index. The Fund will therefore generally look different from the index, and the Investment Manager will monitor performance differences.

The portfolio may change significantly over a short period of time. This is not a buy or sell recommendation for any particular security. Figures may not always sum to 100 due to rounding.

The yield information has been calculated as at 28.02.26. Where FTSE data is shown, source: FTSE International Limited ("FTSE") © FTSE 2024. Please note a disclaimer applies to FTSE data and can be found at https://research.ftserussell.com/products/downloads/FTSE_Wholly_Owned_Non-Partner.pdf. Where MSCI data is shown, source: MSCI. MSCI makes no express or implied warranties or representations and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any MSCI data contained herein. The MSCI data may not be further redistributed or used as a basis for other indices or any securities or financial products. This report is not approved, endorsed, reviewed or produced by MSCI. None of the MSCI data is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. All other information is from Ninety One at 28.02.26.

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General risks

The value of these investments, and any income generated from them, will be affected by changes in interest rates, general market conditions and other political, social and economic developments, as well as by specific matters relating to the assets in which they invest.

Past performance does not predict future returns; losses may be made. Ongoing costs and charges will impact returns.

For Inc-2 and Inc-3 shares classes, expenses are charged to the capital account rather than to income, so capital will be reduced. This could constrain future capital and income growth. Income may be taxable.

The Fund's objectives will not necessarily be achieved and there is no guarantee that these investments will make profits; losses may be made.

Environmental, social or governance related risk events or factors, if they occur, could cause a negative impact on the value of investments.

This Fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to withdraw their money within the short to medium term.

Specific fund risks

Currency exchange: Changes in the relative values of different currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Derivatives: The use of derivatives is not intended to increase the overall level of risk. However, the use of derivatives may still lead to large changes in value and includes the potential for large financial loss. A counterparty to a derivative transaction may fail to meet its obligations which may also lead to a financial loss.

Emerging market: These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than more developed markets as they may have less developed legal, political, economic or other systems.

Equity investment: The value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. insolvency), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Geographic / Sector: Investments may be primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors. This may result in wider fluctuations in the value of the portfolio compared to more broadly invested portfolios.

Reference Currency Hedging: Reference currency hedging aims to protect investors from a decline in the value of the reference currency only (the currency in which accounts are reported) and will not protect against a decline in the values of the currencies of the underlying investments, where these are different from the reference currency. In addition, where the currencies of the underlying investments are different from the reference currency, investors may suffer a loss when the value of the reference currency increases against the value of the share class currency. There can be no assurance that hedging strategies will be successful and such hedging can positively or negatively impact investors by inaccuracies in the operation of the hedge.

Important information

All data as at 28.02.26. The most up to date fund details (e.g. name, overview, key facts etc) are reflected as at the date of publication. Any changes effective after publication will appear in the next update. This factsheet template was approved by Ninety One on 6 January 2026. This is a marketing communication. It is not to be distributed to retail customers who are resident in countries where the Fund is not registered for sale or in any other circumstances where its distribution is not authorised or is unlawful. Please visit www.ninetyone.com/registrations to check registration by country.

For further information on our sustainability-related funds, please visit the sustainability-related disclosures section within the literature library at www.ninetyone.com.

For UK investors: Potential investors should be aware that the GSF Lux SICAV funds (the funds) are based overseas and not subject to the rules and regulations made under the United Kingdom's Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 for the protection of investors. An Investor will not have any protection under the United Kingdom Financial Services Compensation Scheme if the funds cannot meet their obligations. The funds are also not subject to UK sustainable investment labelling and disclosure requirements.

A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold a fund.

The Fund is a sub-fund of the Ninety One Global Strategy Fund, which is a UCITS authorised by the CSSF and organised as a Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable under the law of Luxembourg. Ninety One Luxembourg S.A. (registered in Luxembourg No. B 162485 and regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier) is the Manager of the Fund. This communication is not an invitation to make an investment nor does it constitute an offer for sale. Please refer to the Prospectus of the UCITS and to the Key Information Documents (KID) or Key Investor Information Documents (KIID), where relevant, before making any final investment decisions.

Fund prices and English language copies of the Prospectus, annual and semi-annual Report & Accounts, Articles of Incorporation and where relevant, local language copies of the KID and KIID may be obtained from www.ninetyone.com. A summary of investor rights can be found in the Prospectus, and details of Ninety One's complaints handling procedures are available in English on www.ninetyone.com/complaints. Ninety One Luxembourg reserves the right to discontinue the marketing of its Funds in countries where they are registered.

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Glossary summary

Alpha: A measure which describes whether an actively managed portfolio has added value in relation to the amount of risk taken relative to the benchmark. Alpha can be positive or negative.

Benchmark: A standard to represent the wider market, such as an index, more than one index or a market average, that can be used to measure a fund's performance or risk.

Beta: A measure of the volatility of a fund relative to its benchmark, i.e. how sensitive the fund is to movements in the market. A figure greater than 1 indicates that the fund will tend to outperform in a rising market and under perform in a falling one, i.e. is more volatile than the market. The reverse applies to a Beta of less than 1.

Credit rating: A score awarded by an independent rating agency to indicate the financial strength of the issuer of a bond, and the potential for a default on interest and principal payments. The top credit rating is 'AAA'. The lowest rating to be considered 'investment grade' is 'BBB'. Below 'BBB', bonds are termed 'sub investment grade' or 'high yield'. Average credit ratings are based on the individual bond ratings issued by the ratings agencies. For each bond, the ratings issued by each agency are combined to form a single rating based on the methodology that most closely matches the benchmark, otherwise median is typically used where there is no benchmark. The portfolio rating is the weighted average of the above bond ratings.

Share class distribution types

Accumulation (Acc): An accumulation share will not make income payments to shareholders but will instead accrue the income daily in the net asset value of the share class.

Income (Inc): An income share will distribute all or part of the income accruing in that share class.

Income-2 (Inc-2): These distribute the income accruing in the share class and charge all their expenses to capital. This maximises the income available for distribution – although it also reduces capital by an equivalent extent which could constrain future capital and income growth. This can be inefficient from a tax perspective in those countries where income tax rates are higher than those on capital gains.

Duration: Expressed in years, this measures how much a bond's price will rise or fall when interest rates change. The longer the duration, the more sensitive it is. The higher the duration, the greater the potential return (and the greater the risk).

GSF: Ninety One Global Strategy Fund.

Information ratio: A measure of a portfolio manager's skill against a benchmark. The over or underperformance of the fund relative to its benchmark is divided by the tracking error. In this way, we arrive at the value, per unit of extra risk assumed, that the manager's decisions have added to what the market would have delivered anyway. The higher the information ratio the better.

KID SRI: The Summary Risk Indicator (SRI) appears in the Key Information Document (KID) and it is a guide to the level of risk of this product compared to other products. It shows how likely the product will lose money because of movements in the markets. A rating of 1 represents a low level of potential losses from future performance and a rating of 7 represents a high level of potential losses from future performance. UK-domiciled investors should refer to the risk indicator contained in the relevant Key Investor Information Document (KIID).

Maturity profile: The average life of each bond in a fund's portfolio, weighted by value.

Morningstar 'star' ratings: The overall rating for a fund, often called the 'star rating', is a third party rating derived from a quantitative methodology that rates funds based on an enhanced Morningstar™ Risk-Adjusted Return measure. 'Star ratings' run from 1 star (lowest) to 5 stars (highest) and are reviewed at the end of every calendar month. The various funds are ranked by their Morningstar™ Risk-Adjusted Return scores and relevant stars are assigned. It is important to note that individual shareclasses of each fund are evaluated separately and their ratings may differ depending on the launch date, fees and expenses relevant to the share class. In order to achieve a rating the share class of a fund must have a minimum three-year performance track record.

For a further explanation, please visit <https://www.morningstar.com/company/morningstar-ratings-faq>

Ongoing charge: The ongoing charge figure is the charge you'll pay over a year for as long as you hold your investment in a fund. It relates to the costs of running the fund (including the annual management fee).

NAV: The Net Asset Value (NAV) represents the value of the assets of a fund less its liabilities.

Sector: peer group of funds managed to a similar investment policy. Not every fund will have a relevant sector.

Tracking error: A measure of how much a fund's returns deviate from those of its benchmark. The lower the number the closer the fund's historic performance has followed that of its benchmark.

Volatility: The pace or amount of change in value of an aspect such as an investment, an asset class or a fund.

YTD: Year to date.

Yields

Yield: The Yield reflects distributions declared over the past 12 months as a percentage of the mid-market share price, as at the date shown. Yields do not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions. The effect of taking expenses from capital is to increase income whilst reducing capital to an equivalent extent and may constrain future capital and income growth.

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Telephone calls may be recorded for training, monitoring and regulatory purposes and to confirm investors' instructions.